## **Supplemental Information**

## **Host-Polarized Cell Growth in Animal Symbionts**

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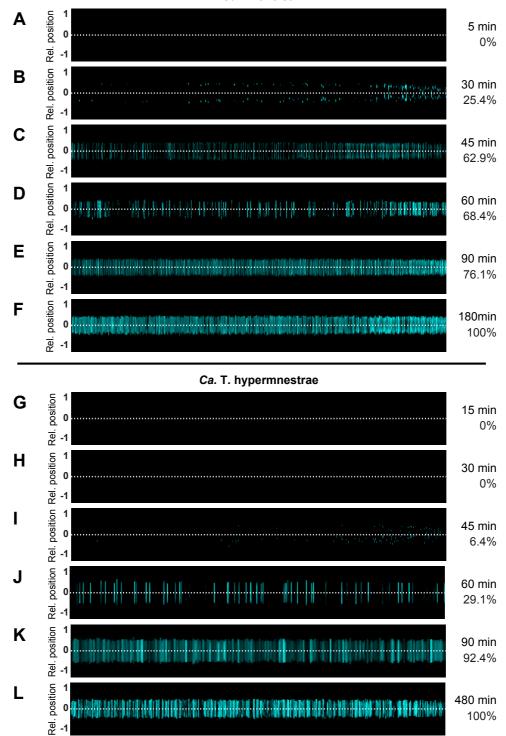


Figure S1. Localization of newly synthesized peptidoglycan (PG) in *Ca.* T. oneisti and T. hypermnestrae, Related to Figure 1. Demographs of *Ca.* T. oneisti (A-F) and T. hypermnestrae (G-L) incubated with EDA-DA. Each cell is represented as a pixel-wide bar whose length corresponds to the long axis of the cell. In the case of *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae, each bar is oriented such that the upper extremity corresponds to the distal cell pole and the lower extremity corresponds to the proximal pole. Symbiont cells were sorted according to increasing width from left to right. Dotted white line indicates the center of the cell long axis. Incubation time in minutes and % of EDA-DA labelled cells are written on the right side of each demograph. Each demograph was constructed with cells derived from three nematodes in the case of *Ca.* T. oneisti, and from a single nematode in the case of *Ca.* T hypermnestrae. Total numbers of imaged *Ca.* T. oneisti cells per demograph were 383 (A), 567 (B), 1,762 (C), 500 (D), 798 (E), 454 (F). Total numbers of imaged *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae cells per demograph were 335 (G), 1,055 (H), 1,360 (I), 423 (J), 264 (K), 424 (L).

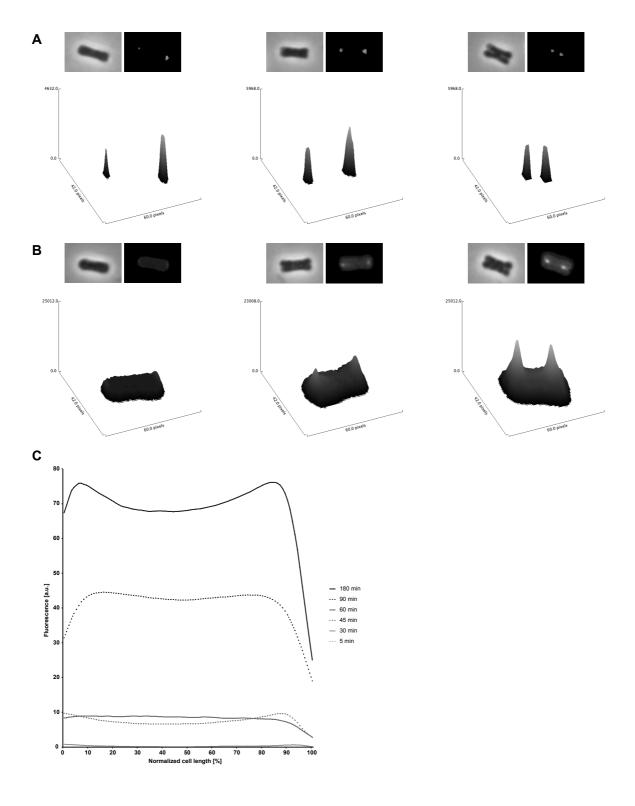


Figure S2. Localization of newly synthesized peptidoglycan (PG) in *Ca.* T. oneisti incubated in EDA-DA, Related to Figure 1. (A) Phase contrast images (left) and corresponding fluorescence images of EDA-DA signal (right) of the *Ca.* T. oneisti cells shown in Figure 1A and (B) phase contrast images (left) and corresponding fluorescence images of EDA-DA signal (right) of the *Ca.* T. oneisti cells shown in Figure 1C. In all the corresponding surface plots (bottom panels of A and B), x- and z- axis are the picture size in pixel and y-axis are the grey values. For both experiments, imaging exposure time was the same and no post-acquisition modification was performed. (C) EDA-DA fluorescence (a.u.) emitted from all the *Ca.* T. oneisti cells for each time point was averaged and plotted against normalized cell length (%). Total number of cells per time point were 383 (5min), 567 (30min), 1762 (45 min), 500 (60 min), 798 (90 min) and 454 (180 min).

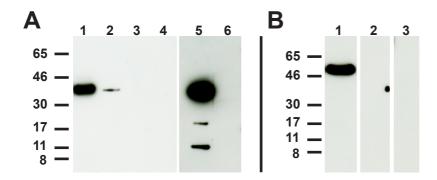


Figure S3. Western blots of *Ca.* T. oneisti and T. hypermnestrae protein extracts, Related to Figures 3-6 and Figures S3-S6. (A) Western blots of *Ca.* T. oneisti (lanes 1 and 3) and *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae (lane 2 and 4) protein extracts probed with immunoaffinity purified rabbit polyclonal anti-*E. coli* MreB antibody (lanes 1 and 2) or with the secondary antibody only (lanes 3 and 4). (B) Western blots of *Ca.* T. oneisti protein extracts probed with a rabbit polyclonal anti-*Ca.* T. oneisti FtsZ peptide antibody (lane 1), with the pre-immune serum (PI, lane 2) and with the secondary antibody only (lane 3). *Ca.* T. oneisti MreB predicted MW is 37 kDa and *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae MreB predicted MW is 38 kDa. Numbers indicate apparent MW expressed in kDa.

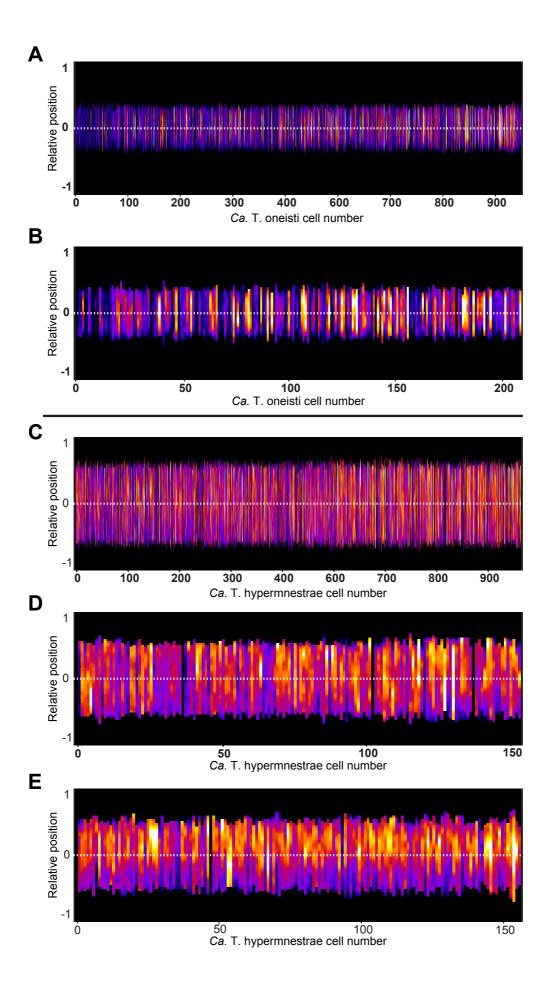


Figure S4. MreB localization pattern in *Ca.* T. oneisti and T. hypermnestrae, Related to Figures 3 and 5. (A-E) Demographs of *Ca.* T. oneisti (A-B) and *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae (C-E) immunostained with anti-MreB antibody. The MreB fluorescence emitted by each cell is represented as a pixel-wide bar whose length corresponds to the long axis of the cell. Symbiont cells were arranged according to increasing width from left to right. In the case of *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae (C-E), the bar is oriented such that the extremity corresponding to the proximal cell pole is down and the extremity corresponding to the distal cell pole is up. Dotted white line indicates the center of the cell long axis. *Ca.* T. oneisti cells were divided into two morphological classes, non-constricted cells (A; n=924) and constricted cells (B; n=209). *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae cells were divided into three morphological classes: non-constricted cells (C; n=973), proximally constricted cells (D; n=154) and proximally and distally constricted cells (E; n=155).

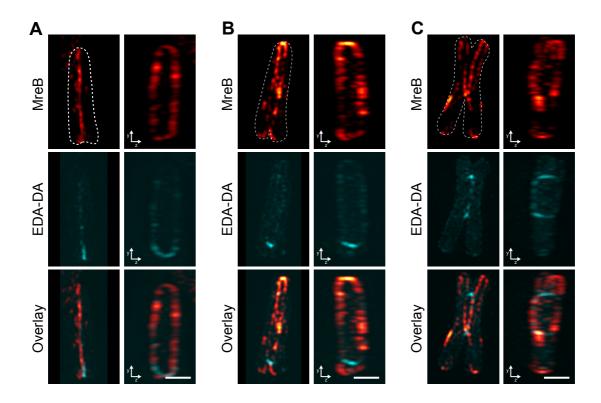


Figure S5. 3D SIM analysis of MreB localization pattern in *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae incubated with the PG metabolic probe EDA-DA, Related to Figures 1 and 4. (A-C) Representative proximally indented (A), proximally constricted (B) and proximally and distally constricted (C) *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae cells incubated with the clickable PG precursor EDA-DA and immunostained with anti-*E. coli* MreB antibody. Dotted white line indicates cell outline. Front view (left) and a corresponding 90° shifted side view (right) is shown of each cell. Scale bar is 1 μm.

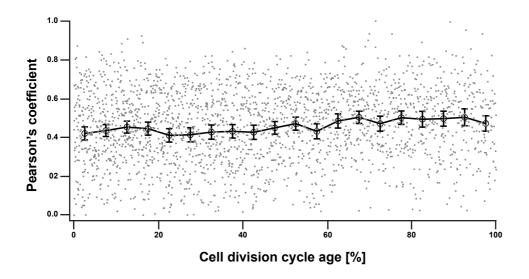


Figure S6. Pearson's coefficient for MreB and FtsZ fluorescence, Related to Figure 5.

The Pearson's coefficient was determined for each of the 2,308 cells immunostained with anti-MreB and anti-FtsZ antibodies (dots in the graph). Subsequently, the data were binned in age classes of 5%. The plotted line connects the averages of the bins, and the error bars show the 95% confidence per bin. Cell age (expressed as cell division cycle age %) is calculated from its contour area with respect to the entire population which is assumed to grow exponentially.

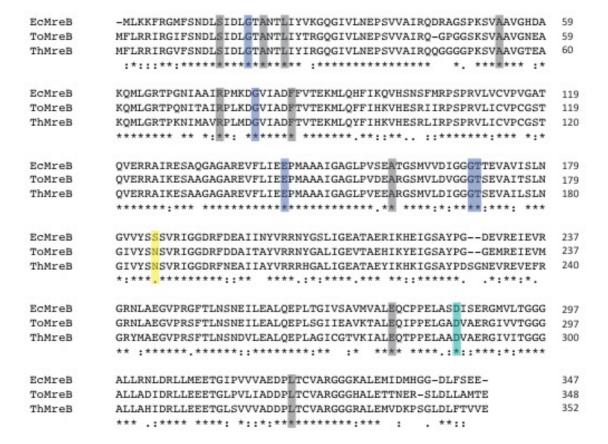


Figure S7. Peptide sequence alignment of *E. coli* MreB (EcMreB; *E. coli* K12 MreB; AKK14940.2), *Ca.* T. oneisti MreB (ToMreB; MF350658) and *Ca.* T. hypermnestrae MreB (ThMreB; MF317948), Related to Figures 3-6. Conserved amino acids involved in ATP binding site are highlighted in blue; amino acids at mutation sites that confer resistance to A22 [S1] are all conserved (grey) but one which is semi-conserved (Ser instead of Asn at position 185, yellow). The amino acid required for FtsZ-interaction [S2] is highlighted in turquoise. ToMreB and ThMreB are 77% and 76% identical and 87% and 88% similar to EcMreB, respectively.

Group and treatment	A22-treated	A22-treated	untreated I	untreated II
Initial # of worms	55	77	70	42
Time after treatment		Survival rate		
2h	100%	100%	100%	100%
4h	100%	100%	100%	100%
8h	100%	100%	100%	100%
24h	96.3%	100%	98.5%	100%
48h	96.3%	100%	98.5%	100%
72h	96.3%	98.7%	98.5%	100%

Table S1. Survival rate of A22-treated and untreated *Caenorhabditis elegans*, Related to STAR Methods.

Species	Treatment	n	Length Mean (µm)	Length StD (µm)	Width Mean (µm)	Width StD (µm)	Total
		1407	2.82	0.32	0.82	0.18	
		739	2.79	0.19	0.87	0.18	
		906	2.95	0.16	0.91	0.20	n = 6793
		603	2.34	0.20	0.89	0.19	Mean Length = 2.78 μm
	Control	289	2.72	0.20	0.86	0.19	Mean Length StD = 0.30
		327	2.73	0.26	0.90	0.19	μm
		573	2.62	0.28	0.82	0.14	Mean Width = 0.87 μm
		693	2.87	0.21	0.87	0.16	Mean Width StD = 0.18 μm
		425	2.83	0.24	0.88	0.15	
Ca. T.one		831	2.89	0.28	0.88	0.17	
Ca. 1.011e	A22 210'	410	2.49	0.17	0.91	0.16	
		725	2.47	0.20	0.84	0.16	
		1189	2.79	0.29	0.77	0.09	n = 6883
		476	2.44	0.18	0.78	0.11	Mean Length = 2.72 μm
		419	2.29	0.22	0.89	0.13	Mean Length StD = 0.35
		642	3.11	0.25	0.85	0.15	μm
		1508	2.79	0.25	0.76	0.12	Mean Width = 0.82 μm
		568	2.48	0.18	0.88	0.14	Mean Width StD = 0.15 μm
		418	3.17	0.25	0.88	0.19	
		528	2.85	0.31	0.91	0.15	

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		1499	3.09	0.21	0.93	0.20	n = 3023
		916	2.68	0.20	1.08	0.19	- Mean Length = 2.97 μm
	A22 480'						Mean Length StD = 0.28
		000					μm
		608	3.11	0.19	0.99	0.20	Mean Width = 0.99 μm
							Mean Width StD = 0.21 μm
		408	3.86	0.30	0.86	0.18	n = 1634
		426	3.56	0.39	0.89	0.17	Mean Length = 3.65 μm
	Cantast	219	3.17	0.23	0.90	0.18	Mean Length StD = 0.43
	Control	365	3.50	0.24	0.90	0.20	μm
				3.21	3.55	0.20	Mean Width = 0.90 μm
		216	4.21	0.34	1.03	0.23	Mean Width StD = 0.20 μm
		281	3.66	0.25	1.01	0.15	n = 1937
		398	3.54	0.29	1.09	0.24	Mean Length = 3.63 μm
Ca. T.	A22 210'	449	3.40	0.26	0.95	0.17	Mean Length StD = 0.36
hyper		399	3.64	0.26	0.97	0.20	_ μm
		1					Mean Width = 0.98 μm
		445			• • •	• • •	_ Weali Width = 0.96 μm
		410	3.95	0.42	0.91	0.16	Mean Width StD = 0.20 μm
		410	3.95	0.42	0.91	0.16	
							Mean Width StD = 0.20 μm
	A22 480'	466	3.90	0.33	1.06	0.20	Mean Width StD = 0.20 μm
	A22 480'	466 786	3.90	0.33	1.06 0.91	0.20	Mean Width StD = 0.20 μm  n total = 1978  Mean Length = 3.80 μm
	A22 480'	466	3.90	0.33	1.06	0.20	Mean Width StD = 0.20 μm  n total = 1978  Mean Length = 3.80 μm  Mean Length StD = 0.34
	A22 480'	466 786	3.90	0.33	1.06 0.91	0.20	Mean Width StD = 0.20 μm  n total = 1978  Mean Length = 3.80 μm  Mean Length StD = 0.34 μm

Table S2. Morphometric analysis of untreated and A22-treated *Ca.* T. oneisti and T. hypermnestrae, Related to Figure 6. StD: standard deviation.

Species	Treatment	nc (n)	nc (%)	c (n)	c (%)	Total
Ca.	Control	258	78.90	69	21.10	
T.one		433	75.57	140	24.43	
		551	79.51	142	20.49	
		307	72.24	118	27.76	(n) nc = 5963
		625	75.21	206	24.79	(n) c = 1963
		1312	77.31	385	22.69	(%) nc = 75.12
		838	73.00	310	27.00	(%) c = 24.88
		719	73.97	253	26.03	
		573	73.94	202	26.06	
		347	71.55	138	28.45	
	A22	527	82.09	115	17.91	
		1370	90.85	138	9.15	
		471	82.92	97	17.08	(n) nc = 7093
		319	76.32	99	23.68	(n) c = 970
		416	78.79	112	21.21	(%) nc = 85.65
		1470	95.70	66	4.30	(%) c = 14.35
		846	85.20	147	14.80	
		788	95.86	34	4.14	
					<u> </u>	

		482	89.59	56	10.41	
		404	79.22	106	20.78	
Ca. T.	Control	284	69.61	124	30.39	(n) nc = 1143
hyper		318	74.65	108	25.35	(11) 110 - 1140
						(n) c = 491
		162	73.97	57	26.03	(%) nc = 69.95
		221	60.55	144	39.45	(%) c = 30.05
		158	73.15	58	26.85	
	A22	254	90.39	27	9.61	(n) nc = 1631
		313	78.64	85	21.36	(n) c = 306
		369	82.18	80	17.82	(%) nc = 84.20
		332	83.21	67	16.79	(%) c = 15.80
		363	88.54	47	11.46	

Table S3. Percentage of constricted and non-constricted cells in untreated and A22-treated *Ca.* T. oneisti and T. hypermnestrae, Related to Figure 6. nc: non-constricted; c: constricted.

Species	Treatment	n	Kolmogorov- Smirnova p-value*	Shapiro- Wilk p-value*	Mean	StD	Std. Error Mean	t-Test
Ca. T.	Control A22	10	0.200	0.570	24.880	2.725 7.021	0.862 2.220	0.001
Ca. T.	Control A22	5	0.200	0.079 0.705	29.614 15.408	5.831 4.805	2.608 2.149	0.003

**Table S4. Tests for normal distribution and t-Test for % of constricting untreated and A22-treated** *Ca.* **T. oneisti and T. hypermnestrae, Related to Figure 6.** (\*) p> 0.05, samples follow a normal distribution; (¹) p< 0.05, controls and A22 are significantly different; StD: standard deviation.

## **SUPPLEMENTAL REFERENCES**

- S1. Ouzounov, N., Nguyen, J.P., Bratton, B.P., Jacobowitz, D., Gitai, Z., and Shaevitz, J.W. (2016). MreB orientation correlates with cell diameter in *Escherichia coli*. Biophys. J. *111*.
- S2. Fenton, A.K., and Gerdes, K. (2013). Direct interaction of FtsZ and MreB is required for septum synthesis and cell division in *Escherichia coli*. EMBO J. 32, 1953–1965.